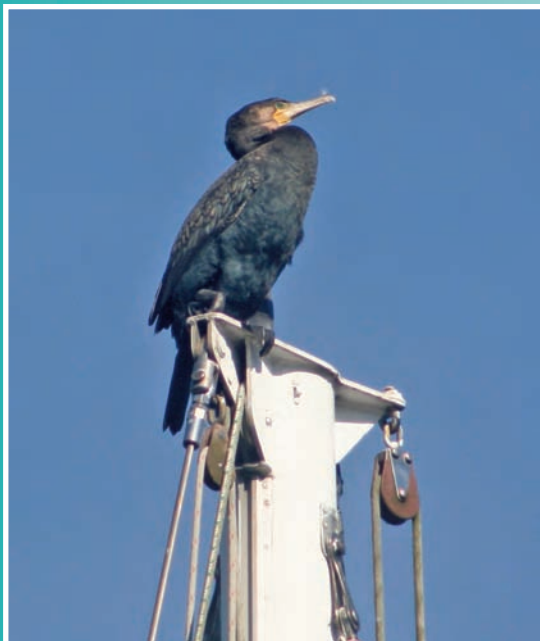


Cabot

2008 Ward Profile



Cabot Ward profile 2008

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Introduction

A ward profile has been created for each of the 35 wards in the City of Bristol. These profiles are a collection of the most up to date data from a variety of sources available at a ward level geography. They provide information on key aspects about the ward and how they compare with the rest of the city. This year sees the development of Neighbourhood Partnership areas which are geographically an amalgamation of two or three wards.

Cabot ward is part of the new Neighbourhood partnership NP07 , which consists of Cabot, Clifton and Clifton East

Many of the statistics in this profile come from the annual Quality of Life in your Neighbourhood (QOL) survey. Further information about this survey can be found at www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife.

Citywide there were 8155 respondents in the 2007 survey, 117 in Cabot.

Because of the relatively small numbers of respondents, care should be taken when looking at the apparent differences between wards.

The following figures for Cabot compare the QOL respondents' age and gender with that of the revised census mid year estimate for 2006.

QOL respondents 2007		Office of National Statistics 2006 mid year estimates	
% male	47.8	% male	52
% female	52.2	% female	48
% Adults under 50	57	% Adults under 45	83
% Adults 50 and over	43	% Adults 45 and over	17

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Where possible trends are indicated based on figures over the past 4 years. The maximum and minimum figures are also indicated.



getting better

no significant change

getting worse



Where the figure is the maximum of all wards



Where the figure is the minimum of all wards

Abbreviations used in this report

ONS	Office of national Statistics
NOMIS	Official labour market statistics from the ONS
SOA	Super Output Area
DCLG	Department of Communities and Local Government
QOL	Quality of Life

1. Demographics in Cabot

The 2001 Census undercounted the population of Bristol particularly in the inner city wards of Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton. While the overall population counts have been revised and updated, all other 2001 Census data for Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton remain undercounts.

For further information contact Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council (0117 9036873)

While the majority of people in Bristol state their religion as Christian, one quarter state that they have no religion and most wards have some representation from the major world religions.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	SOURCE	YEAR	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
AGE PROFILE				
Population (revised 2001 Census)	9758	Census	2001	Average = 11144
Population (ONS 2006 Mid Year estimate for 2006)	13024	ONS	2006	Average = 11728
Population aged 0 - 15	853	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 1988
Population aged 16 - 29	7697	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 3104
Population aged 30 - 44	2438	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 2659
45-64 Males, 45-59 Females	1310	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 2158
65+ Males, 60+ Females	726	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 1819
GENDER				
Males all ages	6780	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 5817
Females all ages	6244	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 5911
RELIGION				
Population stating religion as Christian	4554	census	2001	Average = 6750
Population stating religion as Buddhist	108	census	2001	Average = 46
Population stating religion as Hindu	130	census	2001	Average = 61
Population stating religion as Jewish	51	census	2001	Average = 24
Population stating religion as Muslim	277	census	2001	Average = 219
Population stating religion as Sikh	42	census	2001	Average = 51
Population stating religion as Other	67	census	2001	Average = 49
Population stating religion as No religion	3398	census	2001	Average = 2666
Population stating religion as Religion not stated	977	census	2001	Average = 1009

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2. Ethnicity in Cabot

The 2001 Census undercounted the population of Bristol particularly in the inner city wards of Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton. While the overall population counts have been revised and updated, all other 2001 Census data for Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton (including ethnic group statistics below) remain undercounts.

For further information contact Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council (0117 9036873)

INDICATOR	Number or %	SOURCE	YEAR	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
ETHNICITY : SUMMARY				
% Ethnicity: All White	86.7%	Census	2001	Average = 92
% Ethnicity: All BME	13.3%	Census	2001	Average = 8
ETHNICITY : DETAILS				
Ethnicity: White British	7498	census	2001	Average = 9573.9
Ethnicity: White Irish	148	census	2001	Average = 123.5
Ethnicity: White Other White	682	census	2001	Average = 289.3
Ethnicity: Mixed White and Black African	25	census	2001	Average = 21.5
Ethnicity: Mixed White and Black Caribbean	112	census	2001	Average = 111
Ethnicity: Mixed White and Asian	80	census	2001	Average = 46.8
Ethnicity: Mixed Other Mixed	68	census	2001	Average = 46.9
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Indian	236	census	2001	Average = 131.3
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Pakistani	59	census	2001	Average = 115.7
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Bangladeshi	34	census	2001	Average = 35.2
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Other Asian	65	census	2001	Average = 27.8
Ethnicity: Black or Black British Black Caribbean	61	census	2001	Average = 159.6
Ethnicity: Black or Black British Black African	205	census	2001	Average = 66.3
Ethnicity: Black or Black British Other Black	27	census	2001	Average = 27.3
Ethnicity: Chinese or other ethnic group Chinese	175	census	2001	Average = 61.8
Ethnicity: Chinese or other ethnic group Other Ethnic Group	130	census	2001	Average = 37.8
ETHNICITY : GROUP NUMBERS				
Ethnicity- White	8328	census	2001	Average = 9987
Ethnicity- Mixed	285	census	2001	Average = 226
Ethnicity- Asian or Asian British	394	census	2001	Average = 310
Ethnicity- Black or Black British	293	census	2001	Average = 253
Ethnicity- Chinese or other ethnic group	305	census	2001	Average = 100

3. Employment and jobs in Cabot

Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council provide these data from the Census Special Workplace Statistics and from the Office of National Statistics (NOMIS). © Crown Copyright

While the ward average number of jobs is presented here the majority of wards have around 3,000 jobs. This is demonstrated more clearly in the ranking system where a ward with a below average number of jobs may be highly ranked. This is due to the massive amount of employment concentrated in a few city centre wards e.g. Cabot.

Economically inactive includes students, retired people, permanently sick or disabled etc.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
NUMBER OF LOCAL JOBS				
Total number of jobs	66700	☹️	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	Average = 6560
Rank of number of jobs (1 = ward with lowest number and 35 = highest)	35	☹️	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	
% Jobs in services	99 %	☹️	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	Average = 90
% Jobs part time	34 %	☹️	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	Average = 33
TRANSPORT TO WORK				
% Households with no cars or vans.	39 %		Census 2001	Average = 29
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by driving a car or van	29 %		Census 2001	Average = 51
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work as passenger in a car or van	3 %		Census 2001	Average = 6
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by bicycle	4 %		Census 2001	Average = 5
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by foot	44 %		Census 2001	Average = 16
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by public transport	10 %		Census 2001	Average = 14
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by motorcycle, scooter; moped	1 %		Census 2001	Average = 2
% Residents working outside Bristol (commuting out)	22 %		Census 2001	Average = 25
ECONOMIC INACTIVITY				
People aged 16-74 economically inactive	3594		Census 2001	Average = 2634
Unemployed claimants (August)	192		ONS (NOMIS) 2007	Average = 161
Rank of unemployed claimants (where 1= ward with highest number of claimants) August	6		ONS (NOMIS) 2007	

INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

😊	getting better
☹️	no significant change
☹️	getting worse

4. Poverty and Deprivation Profile for Cabot

Wards in Bristol are relatively large in terms of population and many contain a wide variety of neighbourhoods. This local variation is often lost when information is collated into ward averages. An alternative geography based on smaller areas - Super Output Areas (SOAs) - seeks to address this (see map opposite). Bristol has been divided into 252 SOAs, each with an average of 1,500 people. The most recent data available by this geography are the Department of Communities and Local Government (DCLG) Indices of Deprivation 2007, illustrated here.

The Indices of Deprivation 2007 consist of 7 aspects or 'domains' of deprivation: Income deprivation (I); Employment deprivation (E); Health deprivation and disability (H); Education, skills and training deprivation (S); Barriers to housing and services (B); Living environment deprivation (L); and Crime (C).

There are two supplementary Indices - the Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (K) and the Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (O)

These domains are combined to give an overall measure of Multiple Deprivation which is then ranked in order to make comparisons with other areas.

Super Output Area	Index of Multiple Deprivation Bristol rank out of 252 (1=most deprived)	Index of Multiple Deprivation English rank out of 32,482 (1=most deprived)	Domains where area is in most deprived 10% of areas in England
Woodland Road	186	18051	LO
Kingsdown Parade	159	14870	C
City Centre and Queens Square	73	6798	CK
St James Barton	19	1399	EHCLO
University	161	15081	CLO
City Centre and Harbourside	124	10734	BC

 = in most deprived 10% of areas in England

The most deprived area of Cabot ward is 'St James Barton' which is ranked within the most deprived 10% of SOA's nationally in terms of 4 domains, plus the sub domain of income for older people. It is also ranked worst in Bristol for Living environmental deprivation.

5 out of 6 SOA's in Cabot are in the worst 10% nationally in terms of Crime

The full results for Bristol can be found in 'Deprivation in Bristol 2007' www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics
 Maps of the Super Output Area boundaries can be found on ward finder www.bristol.gov.uk/wardfinder

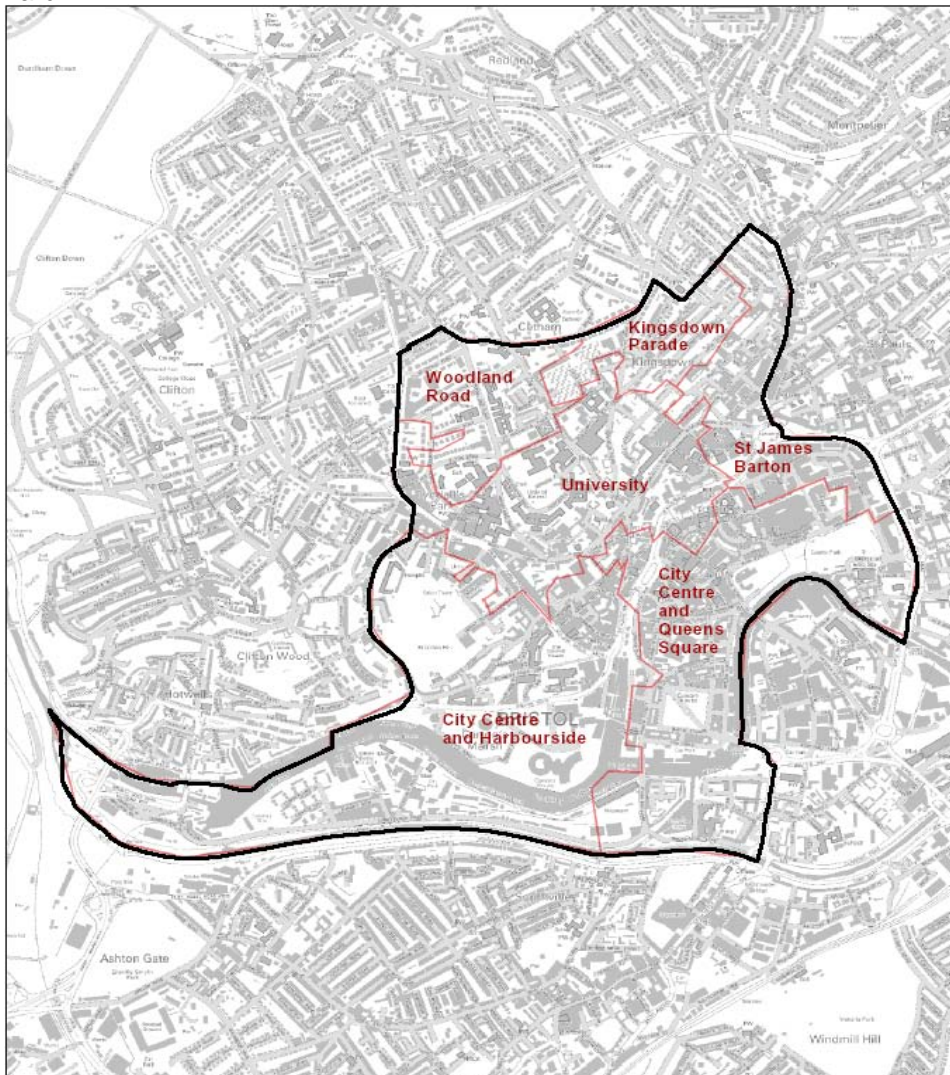
5. Local democracy and Super Output Areas in Cabot

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	YEAR	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
ELECTORATE				
Number on the electoral roll	8631	2007	www.bristol.gov.uk/	Average = 8587
Turnout at local elections	25%	2007	www.bristol.gov.uk/	Average = 34
Turnout at local elections	57%	2005	www.bristol.gov.uk/	Average = 64

SUPER OUTPUT AREAS

Wards in Bristol are relatively large in terms of population and many contain a wide variety of neighbourhoods. This local variation is often lost when information is collated into ward averages. A new geography based on smaller areas - Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA's) - seeks to address this.

Bristol has been divided into 252 LSOA's, with an average of 1,500 people. The map below shows the LSOAs in this ward:



6. Local Environmental Quality in Cabot

The nitrogen dioxide figure is taken from a single site with a passive NO₂ diffusion tube located in a background location in each ward. Although the single site cannot represent the whole of the ward this survey has been continuing for many years so good trend information can be obtained. Most sites are below the national objective of 40 µg/m³ as an annual average.

A liveability indicator has been developed to monitor progress of a range of initiatives in Bristol including Neighbourhood Renewal. The indicator takes into account the cleanliness and attractiveness of the local environment as reported by residents in the annual **Quality of Life in your Neighbourhood** survey. A higher figure indicates better liveability.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
WILDLIFE TREES AND OPEN SPACE				
Natural Green Space	4.2 hectares		Bristol Parks 2008	Average = 21
Formal / Ornamental Green Space	19.8 hectares		Bristol Parks 2008	Average = 3
Informal Green Space	8 hectares		Bristol Parks 2008	Average = 19
Average bird species per garden	7		Bristol Bird Watch 2007	Average = 12
% respondents who have frogs in garden or allotment	22 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 55
POLLUTION				
Background nitrogen dioxide	38 µg/m ³	☹️	Environmental Quality 2007	Average = 27
% Primary pupils walking to school	46 %		Community Safety 2008	Average = 60
% respondents who go to work by car	28 %	☹️	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 61
% respondents who have noise from traffic	47 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 46
% respondents who feel dog fouling is a problem	55 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 64
% respondents who produce more than 30kg waste per week	5 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2005	Average = 11
ENERGY				
% respondents who buy electricity with a green tariff	14 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 8
% respondents buying energy efficient light bulbs	61 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 72
LIVEABILITY				
Liveability indicator	53	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 49


INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

😊	getting better
☹️	no significant change
☹️	getting worse





7. Housing profile for Cabot

By affordable dwellings we refer to dwellings owned by registered social landlords and local authorities, either for rent or for shared ownership. Private dwellings are not included as 'affordability' has yet to be adequately defined for this sector. Please note that the 'affordable dwelling' numbers are decreasing in some wards through losses in local authority stocks. Average house prices, (courtesy of the Land Registry and Bristol City Council's Strategic & Citywide and Regeneration, Research & Evaluation Teams), are a rough guide only as both the number of sales and the housing profile (see Tenure below) vary throughout the city.








INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
HOUSING STOCK				
Average house price.	£ 242,800		Neighbourhood & Housing Services 2007	Average = 212340
Empty homes brought back to use	0		Neighbourhood & Housing Services 2007	Average = 7
% households under-occupied	22 %		Census 2001	Average = 48
New affordable dwellings 2001-2007	74		Strategic & Citywide Policy 2007	Average = 33
Dwellings with planning permission 1st April	2449		Strategic & Citywide Policy 2008	Average = 365
Change in dwelling stock 2001 - 2008	1948		Strategic & Citywide Policy 2008	Average = 369
% respondents satisfied with cost and availability of housing	41 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 32
HOUSEHOLD SPACES				
Total number of household spaces	4374		Census 2001	Average = 4775
% vacant household spaces	4 %		Census 2001	Average = 3
% households as second residence	1.9 %		Census 2001	Average = 0.2
% households accommodated in houses	23 %		Census 2001	Average = 72
% households accommodated in flat, maisonette or apartment	77 %		Census 2001	Average = 28
% households accommodated in caravan, other mobile or temporary structure	0.3 %		Census 2001	Average = 0.1
TENURE				
Tenure: % households owner occupied	31 %		census 2001	Average = 61
Tenure: % households rented from city council	14 %		census 2001	Average = 18
Tenure: % households rented from private landlord/other	39 %		census 2001	Average = 14
Tenure: % households rented from Housing Association/Social Landlord	10 %		census 2001	Average = 4

8. Health profile for Cabot

Some of the indicators from the Primary Care Trusts are shown as standard mortality ratios (SMR). This measure provides a way of comparing death rates across different areas with the old Avon area (Bristol, South Gloucestershire, North Somerset and Bath and North East Somerset) standard set at 100. SMRs higher than 100 are of concern.


INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
BIRTHS				
% low birth weight (under 2500 grams)	5		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2002-2006	Average = 8
Teenage conceptions (rate per 1000 females 15-17 years) 2002-2004	above Bristol average		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2004	
% mothers breast feeding at 6-8 weeks	70 %		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2006	Average = 46
GENERAL HEALTH				
% people with limiting long-term illness	13 %		Census 2001	Average = 18
% people of working age with a long term limiting illness	8 %		Census 2001	Average = 8
% respondents taking exercise at least 5 times a week	45 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 35
% respondents in active sport at least once a week	43 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 37
% respondents who live in households with a smoker	31 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 27
% respondents who smoke	24 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 16
Life expectancy 2002-2006	77		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2002-2006	Average = 79
Falls in the elderly (75 years and over) resulting in admission to hospital per 1,000	46 rate		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2007	Average = 39
DEATHS				
Deaths from all causes (under 75 years) SMR	154		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 117
Deaths from accidents (under 75 years) SMR	94		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 106
Deaths from coronary heart disease (under 75 years) SMR	113		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 120
Deaths from all cancers (under 75 years) SMR	129		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 111
Deaths from lung cancer (under 75 years) SMR	178		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 130
Deaths from breast cancer (under 75 years) SMR	0		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 109

9. Social services in Cabot















INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
REFERRALS - ADULT				
Number of referrals - adult	483		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 722
Adult referrals - physical disability	50 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 69
Adult referrals - learning difficulty	0 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 2
Adult referrals - mental health	47 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 26
Adult referrals - other	3 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 2
REFERRALS - CHILDREN				
Number of referrals - children under 18	65		Children and Young Peoples Services 2005	Average = 146
Children Looked After (per 1000 under 16 years on 31st March)	5		Children and Young Peoples Services 2006	Average = 6
Children on the child protection register (per 1000 under 16 years on 31st March)	1		Children and Young Peoples Services 2006	Average = 3
DOMICILIARY (HOME CARE, HOME HELP)				
Home Help services (September)	37		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 72
% respondents satisfied with social services	58		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 42
% respondents satisfied with health services	76		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 72

INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

10. Life in the community in Cabot











INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
HAPPINESS AND WELLBEING				
% respondents who say they are happy	94 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 90
% respondents satisfied with life	85 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 74
% respondents who have good quality sleep	83 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 70
CULTURE & RECREATION				
% respondents who visited 3+ leisure or cultural events	66 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 49
% respondents satisfied with amount of parks and green spaces	71 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 68
% respondents who visit parks and open spaces at least once a week	42 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 35
EDUCATION				
% respondents with no educational or technical qualifications	17 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 30
ACCESS				
% respondents with easy access to a doctor	86 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 89
% respondents with easy access to local hospital	89 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 62
% respondents satisfied with the bus service	44 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 47
% respondents with problem of cars blocking local pavement	61 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 64
FOOD				
% respondents who usually buy or consume organic food	37 %		QOL questionnaire 2005	Average = 26
% respondents who usually buy or consume locally grown food	23 %		QOL questionnaire 2006	Average = 17
% respondents who usually buy fairtrade foods	20 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 13
% food businesses broadly compliant with food hygiene law (October)	90 %		Food safety team 2008	Average = 89
Number of greengrocers	4		Neighbourhood & Housing Services 2007	Average = 1

INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

11. Community cohesion in Cabot

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
LIFE IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD				
% respondents who feel they belong to neighbourhood	58 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 58
% respondents who trust people locally	67 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 63
% respondents who think their neighbourhood has got worse over the last 2 years	20 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 33
% Respondents who have lived in their homes for less than 2 yrs	13 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 6
% respondents who feel they can influence decisions	40 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 26
% respondents who agree people can influence decisions in local area by working together	68 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 54
% respondents who agree people from different backgrounds get on well together	62 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 55
% respondents who agree ethnic differences are respected in their neighbourhood	68 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 55
% respondents involved in community or voluntary organisation	28 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 22
% respondents satisfied with the appearance of streets, public	60 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 49
ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR				
% respondents who feel locally, antisocial behaviour is a problem	41 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 41

INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

12. Children and young people in Cabot

For a comprehensive report on Children and Young People see Catching in the Rye 2007-08, http://www.bristolpartnership.org/resources/data/children_yp and an associated database of further statistics is available at www.bristolchildrendata.org.uk/

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
CASUALTIES				
Numbers of under-18yr olds admitted to hospital as a result of a road traffic accident	1		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2007	Average = 4
LIVING CONDITIONS				
Population aged 0 - 15	853		ONS mid year estimates 2006	Average = 1988
Number of dependent children living in households with no adults in employment	219		Census 2001	Average = 492
Number of dependent children living in overcrowded households	151		Census 2001	Average = 263
Number of dependent children living in rented accommodation	499		Census 2001	Average = 846
Number of dependent children with no central heating	58		Census 2001	Average = 120
Number of dependent children in a lone parent family	278		Census 2001	Average = 653
Unpaid young carers 1-19 hours	3		Census 2001	Average = 20
Unpaid young carers 20-49 hours	0		Census 2001	Average = 2
YOUNG OFFENDERS				
Number of offenders 10 - 17 years	7	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 27
Young offenders - Motoring offences	2	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 6
Young offenders - Breach of..offences	4	😞	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 5
Young offenders - Burglary offences	1		Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 4
Young offenders - Criminal damage offences	2	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 7
Young offenders - Possession of drugs offences	3	😞	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 4
Young offenders - Robbery offences	1		Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 2
Young offenders - Theft offences	4	😐	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 11
Young offenders - Violence against the person offences	8	😞	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 11

13. Education Profile for Cabot

There are 2 primary schools in Cabot :

St George Church of England Primary - (102 pupils)

St Michael on the Mount Church of England Primary - (202 pupils)

All the figures below are from 2007. For further information contact the Statistics and Research unit, Education and Lifelong Learning. 0117 9037660 or <http://www.dcsf.gov.uk/performance/tables/index.shtml>
Some schools are new so do not have valid statistics for this year.

SCHOOL	IMPROVE- MENT MEASURE	TOTAL % WITH SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS	KEY STAGE 2 RESULT % achieving level 4 in English (primary only)	% UNAUTHORISED ABSENCE
St George Church of England Primary			<	1.5%
St Michael on the Mount Church of England Primary	☹️	20%	77%	
Average for Bristol primary schools	☹️	28%	72.0%	1.0%

There are 3 secondary schools in Cabot :

Bristol Cathedral School - (386 pupils)

Bristol Grammar School - (1177 pupils)

Queen Elizabeth's Hospital - (549 pupils)

SCHOOL	IMPROVE- MENT MEASURE	TOTAL % WITH SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS	% of 15 old pupils achieving 5+A*-C (and equivalent)	% UNAUTHORISED ABSENCE
Bristol Cathedral School	☹️	0%	94%	N/A
Bristol Grammar School	☹️	4%	99%	N/A
Queen Elizabeth's Hospital	☹️	0%	100%	N/A
Average for Bristol secondary schools	☺️		46.9%	2.6%

14. Crime and disorder in Cabot

For further information on crime and disorder contact the Safer Bristol Partnership (0117 9142222) who calculate ward figures from Avon and Somerset Police data.

Racist incidents, domestic violence incidents and noise complaints are calendar years, the rest are April 2007 - Jan 2008.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
RECORDED AND REPORTED CRIME				
Total Crime rate per 1000	805	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 154
Common Assault rate per 1000	38	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 7
Wounding rate per 1000	81	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 13
Theft from Motor Vehicles rate per 1000	79	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 18
Theft of Motor Vehicle rate per 1000	9	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 7
Vehicle Interference rate per 1000	6	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 2
Burglary (Dwelling) rate per 1000	23	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 12
Personal Robbery rate per 1000	15	😊	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 3
Theft from the Person rate per 1000	35	😞	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 2
Criminal Damage rate per 1000	68	😐	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 26
Theft of Pedal Cycle rate per 1000	50	😐	Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 5
Incidents: Abandoned vehicles	49		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 33
Racist incidents reported to the police	108		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 29
Domestic violence incidents reported to police	233		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 195
Number of noise complaints	278	😞	Pollution control 2007	Average = 109
PERCEPTION OF CRIME				
% respondents who feel safe when outside in their neighbourhood after dark	53 %	😐	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 46
% respondents who feel safe when outside their neighbourhood during the day	90 %	😐	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 85
% respondents whose day to day life is affected by fear of crime	13 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 23
% respondents who feel crime has got worse over last 3 years	26 %	😊	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 35

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Contact sustainability@bristol.gov.uk. See also www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife for more comprehensive report 'Indicators of the Quality of life in Bristol'.

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Useful Websites & Contacts

Information is used throughout these profiles from the 'Quality of life in your neighbourhood' annual survey. More information can be found at www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife contact (0117 9222745) email sustainability@bristol.gov.uk

Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council (0117 9036873)
Census based data: www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics and
www.neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk

Health – Bristol Primary Care Trust www.bristolpct.nhs.uk

Children & Young People's Partnership www.bristolchildren.org.uk
Education & Lifelong Learning, Bristol City Council (0117 9037660)
www.dfes.gov.uk/performanceables

Crime - Safer Bristol Partnership (0117 9142222)
Avon & Somerset Police www.avonandsomerset.police.uk

Ward Profiles are commissioned by Scrutiny & Equalities, Bristol City Council and are located in www.bristol.gov.uk/wardfinder.