Ward Profile Report  (April 2023)

This dashboard compares the 34 Bristol City Council wards with the Bristol average, across a range of data subjects.
Ward Profile Tool contents

- Adult Social Care
- Child Poverty
- Children’s Services
- Crime
- Education
- Housing
- Health and Wellbeing
- Jobs and Economy
- Population
- Quality of Life

Ward Profiles Tool - Last update April 2023 (v3.3)

All data has been updated where available, this includes:

- Adult Social Services
- Car Availability (Census)
- Child Poverty
- Children Services
- Claimant Count
- Country of Birth (Census)
- Crime
- Education (attainment)
- Ethnicity (Census)
- Health (Census)
- House Prices
- Housing Tenure (Census)
- Housing Type (Census)
- Household Size (Census)
- Household Composition (Census)
- Jobs
- Main Language (Census)
- Pension Credit
- Population (Census)
- Religion (Census)
- Qualifications (Census)

Please send any comments on this tool to: research@bristol.gov.uk.

All datasets within the Ward Profile Tool can be downloaded from Open Data Bristol.

This our abridged version of the Ward Profile Tool. It has been designed to improve the ‘user experience’ when viewed through mobile devices. We recognise future development work will improve compatibility.

In the event you require more information, this can be found in our full version.

Help can be found by clicking:

- Background Information
- Mapping Tools
- Sources

Guidance on using dashboard
**Bristol City Council**

**Adult Social Care**

**Select new ward**

**Select new topic**

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**Further Information**

**Data**
- Figures quoted are ‘as at’ the last day of that particular month.

**Calculation**
- Data is expressed as a rate per 1,000 of the ward population within the cohort selected (i.e., social care data). Latest population uses the Census 2021 data. Caution should be taken when viewing trend previous to this, which uses mid-year population estimates. Historic data may be changed once the Office for National Statistics revise previous mid-year estimates.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**
- Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Social Care Data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

- **Significantly High**
- **Not Significantly Different**
- **Significantly Low**

**Source Data**

**Bristol Average**

**Clients receiving a community based service aged 65+**
- March 2023
- Bristol Average: 27.9 Rate per 1,000 People: 1,698

**Clients receiving a domestic care services aged 65+**
- March 2023
- Bristol Average: 13.7 Rate per 1,000 People: 1,698

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**Clients receiving a community based service aged 65+ March 2023**

- **Lawrence Hill**: 90.2
- **Easton**: 45.8
- **Froome Vale**: 43.6
- **Southmead**: 43.1
- **Knowle**: 39.6
- **St George Central**: 39.1
- **Ashley**: 38.7
- **Avonmouth and Lawrence Weston**: 36.6
- **Hillfields**: 36.2
- **Horsfield**: 34.9
- **Stockwood**: 33.9
- **Bedminster**: 33.8
- **Eastville**: 29.6
- **St George West**: 28.0
- **Southville**: 27.7
- **Hengrove and Whitwich Park**: 26.9
- **Filwood**: 26.4
- **Lockleaze**: 23.0
- **Bishopston and Ashley Down**: 20.9
- **Henbury and Brenty**: 20.4
- **Bridgington East**: 20.2
- **Bridgington West**: 19.3
- **Cotham**: 18.4
- **Bishopsworth**: 17.0
- **Central**: 15.7
- **Stoke Bishop**: 14.1
- **Windmill Hill**: 13.6
- **Clifton**: 12.9
- **Westbury-on-Trym and Henleaze**: 12.3
- **St George Troopers Hill**: 10.1
- **Clifton Down**: 9.3
- **Hotwells and Harbourside**: 9.0
- **Redland**: 8.4

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**Rate per 1,000 of population**

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**Bishopston and Ashley Down**

- **Clients receiving a community based service aged 65+**
  - March 2023: 20.9 Rate per 1,000 People: 26

- **Social Care Type**
  - **Period**: March 2023
  - **Ward Statistic (rate per 1,000)**
    - Clients receiving a community based service aged 18-64: 4.8
    - Clients in Care Homes aged 65+: 8.0
    - Clients receiving a domestic care services aged 65+: 13.7
  - **Bristol Average (rate per 1,000)**
    - March 2023: 6.6
    - March 2023: 19.2
    - March 2023: 16.7
Child Poverty

Children living in low income families

Further Information

Data & Calculation

The percentage of children living in low income families by ward, by financial year ending (FYE). Low income is a gross income measure before Housing Costs and includes contributions from earning, state support and pensions. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point. Relative low income measures families on low income within the referenced year. Absolute low income measures families in low income compared to FYE 2011. Caution, although population estimates are the latest available at the time, some ward populations may not reflect more recent changes in the local population. Therefore, some percentages should be viewed with care.

Comparing wards against the Bristol average

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. To measure whether the gap is significant, child poverty data uses standard deviation.

- Significantly Better
- Not Significantly Different
- Significantly Worse

Source

Data

Bristol Average

Children

2022

2022

Bishopston & Ashley Down

Relative low income

Percentage

6.2

21.8

Bristol Average

Percentage

66.6

21.8

Select new ward

Select new topic

Ward Comparison (relative low income) 2022

Lawrence Hill

39.8

Central

29.6

Hartcliffe and Withywood

34.1

Filton

31.2

Southmead

29.5

Lockleaze

27.1

Easton

26.6

Hilfield

26.9

Ashley

23.7

Henbury and Brentry

23.6

Eastville

23.5

Avonmouth and Lawrence Wes...

23.3

St George Central

21.1

Frame Vale

21.0

Knowle

19.6

Bristol East

19.3

Hengrove and Whitwick Park

18.2

Bishopsworth

17.4

Horfield

16.6

Stockwood

16.3

St George West

15.9

Windmill Hill

14.3

St George Troopers Hill

13.7

Bedminster

12.4

Bristol West

12.4

Hotwells and Harbourside

10.2

Stoke Bishop

8.9

Southville

8.6

Clifton

7.6

Clifton Down

6.8

Bishopston and Ashley Down

6.2

Cotham

4.8

Redland

3.7

Westbury-on-Trym and Henleaze

3.0

Select new ward

Select new topic
### Children's Services

**Bristol City Council**

**Select new ward**

**Select new topic**

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**Children known to Social Care (total)**

**Bristol Average**

**Children known to Social Care (total)**

**Bristol Average**

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**Further Information**

**Data**

Figures quoted are ‘as at’ the last day of the stated month. The exception of suspensions data which represents the year (January to December).

Some wards present as ‘No Data Available’. This represents those with no cases and those with five or less cases, suppressed to protect identity.

**Calculation**

Data is expressed as a ‘rate per 1,000’ of the ward population within the cohort selected (i.e. social care data).

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Social Care Data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

- **Significantly High**
- **Not Significantly Different**
- **Significantly Low**

**Source**

- December 2022
- **Additional notes:**
  - Electively Home Educated: December 2022
  - Care Leavers (16 to 25 years): December 2022
  - Education & Health Care Plans (SEND): December 2022
Crime
Crime and Policing

Bishopston & Ashley Down

All Crimes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Measure Type</th>
<th>Ward Statistic</th>
<th>Bristol Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2022/23</td>
<td>Rate per 1,000</td>
<td>53.2</td>
<td>476.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Crime Indicator

- Violent & Sexual Offences: 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 18.4, 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 41.8
- Burglary: 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 3.7, 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 5.3
- Anti-Social Behaviour incidents: 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 5.9, 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 19.3
- % who have been a victim of crime in the last 12 months: 2022 Percentage 15.0, 2022 Percentage 13.0
- % who feel safe outdoors after dark: 2022 Percentage 71.8, 2022 Percentage 57.5
- % who feel anti-social behaviour is a problem locally: 2022 Percentage 21.7, 2022 Percentage 35.6

Youth Offenders

- 2021/22 Rate per 1,000 4.3, 2022/23 Rate per 1,000 4.4

Further Information

Data
Figures for crime offences and youth offenders are a total for the respective year. The number of youth offenders are used as the indicator rather than the number of offences committed. Quality of Life data is from the 2022-23 survey.

Calculation
Crime offence and youth offender data is expressed as a rate per 1,000 of the ward population within the cohort selected (i.e. crime data). Quality of Life data is weighted by age and sex. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. To measure whether the gap is significant, crime offences and youth offenders data uses standard deviation whilst the quality of life data uses the statistical 't-test'.

Source Data

Additional information on crime and policing metrics.

All Crimes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rate per 1,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2022-23</td>
<td>476.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021-22</td>
<td>476.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Significantly Better
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Worse

Select new ward
Select new topic
Further information

Data & Calculation

Based on all children in Bristol local authority maintained schools, academies and free schools (but not independent schools). The Bristol total will include pupils living outside the area but the ward figures will not. *Due to the Coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic, attainment data is not available for the years 2020 and 2021.

Most figures are expressed as a percentage of pupils in a given cohort. Attainment 8 and Progress 8 scores are measures from Department for Education. Attainment 8 is an average across 8 subjects (extra weighting is given to English and Maths). Progress 8 compares how well a pupil has progressed across the same 8 subjects, compared nationally to other pupils with the same prior attainment at the end of Key Stage 2. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Education data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Indicator</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Measure Type</th>
<th>Ward</th>
<th>Bristol Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Absence rate %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>11.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disadvantaged %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>28.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early years pupils achieving a good level of development %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>81.0</td>
<td>64.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English as an Additional Language %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>20.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free School Meals %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>27.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KS2 reaching expected standard RWM combined %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>74.8</td>
<td>58.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress 8 (average) Score</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Score</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>-0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Educational Needs %</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>15.7</td>
<td>18.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Health & Disability**

*Census 2021*

Source: Office for National Statistics

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**Further Information**

**Data**

Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics. This page combines data relating to health issues and disability, carers and general health.

**Calculation**

Ward data is expressed based on either the number of people or number of households. Percentages are based upon the total number of people or households within the ward. Bristol data uses the total across all wards. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Health data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

*Significantly High*

*Not Significantly Different*

*Significantly Low*

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### Health issues or disability (by population)

#### Number

**Bishopston & Ashley Down**

- Long-term physical or mental health conditions or illnesses where day-to-day activities are limited a little: 1,341 (10.1%)
- Long-term physical or mental health conditions or illnesses where day-to-day activities are limited a lot: 482 (3.6%)
- Has long term physical or mental health condition but day-to-day activities are not limited: 1,129 (8.5%)
- No long term physical or mental health conditions: 10,351 (77.8%)

#### Bristol

- % Households with at least one person with health issues or disability that affects day-to-day activities: 17.2%

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### General health

#### Number

**Bristol**

- Good or very good health: 11,856 (89.1%)
- Fair health: 1,104 (8.3%)
- Bad or very bad health: 344 (2.6%)

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### Carers

#### Number

**Bristol**

- Provides 19 or less hours unpaid care a week: 463 (3.7%)
- Provides 20 to 49 hours unpaid care a week: 91 (0.7%)
- Provides 50 or more hours unpaid care a week: 118 (0.9%)
- Provides no unpaid care: 11,830 (94.6%)

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**Ward Comparison**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ward</th>
<th>% Households with at least one person with health issues or disability that affects day-to-day activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hartcliffe &amp; Withywood</td>
<td>23.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filton</td>
<td>22.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southmead</td>
<td>21.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frove Vale</td>
<td>20.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henbury &amp; Brenty</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stockwood</td>
<td>19.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avonmouth &amp; Lawrence Weston</td>
<td>19.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lockleaze</td>
<td>19.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hangrove &amp; Whitelchur Park</td>
<td>19.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St George West</td>
<td>19.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knowle</td>
<td>18.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St George Central</td>
<td>17.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hillos</td>
<td>17.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bristol</td>
<td>17.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brislington East</td>
<td>17.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brislington West</td>
<td>16.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bishopsworth</td>
<td>16.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastville</td>
<td>16.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horfield</td>
<td>16.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedminster</td>
<td>16.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoke Bishop</td>
<td>16.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lawrence Hill</td>
<td>16.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Easton</td>
<td>15.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ashley</td>
<td>15.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weetbury-on-Trym &amp; Henleaze</td>
<td>15.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windmill Hill</td>
<td>15.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central</td>
<td>14.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hotwells &amp; Harbourside</td>
<td>14.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clifton</td>
<td>14.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</td>
<td>14.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottam</td>
<td>13.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clifton Down</td>
<td>13.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redland</td>
<td>12.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Healthy Lifestyles
Quality of Life Survey & Public Health National Child Measurement Programme

Bishopston & Ashley Down

% in good health

2022

Bristol Average

2022

Further Information

Data
Quality of Life data is from the 2022-23 survey. Public Health Child Measurement data for children in reception year remains the latest covering the period 2016/17 to 2018/19. This is due to the impact of the Coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic.

Calculation
Both Quality of Life and Public Health Child Measurement data is expressed as a percentage. Quality of Life data is weighted by age and percentage. Public Health Child Measurement data is an average of the 3 year period. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. To measure whether the gap is significant Public Health Child Measurement data uses statistical confidence intervals, whilst quality of life data uses the statistical ‘t-test’.

Healthy Lifestyle Indicator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Ward Statistic (%)</th>
<th>Bristol Average (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% above average mental wellbeing</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>6.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% children in reception (4/5yr olds) who have excess weight</td>
<td>2016/17 - 2018/19</td>
<td>13.5</td>
<td>22.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% children in year 6 (10/11yr olds) who have excess weight</td>
<td>2016/17 - 2018/19</td>
<td>19.7</td>
<td>32.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% children in year 6 (10/11yr olds) who have excess weight</td>
<td>2017/18 - 2019/20</td>
<td>16.6</td>
<td>33.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% households where someone smokes regularly within the home</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% overweight or obese</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>43.0</td>
<td>47.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who do enough regular exercise each week</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>63.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% with illness or health condition which limits day-to-day activities at least a little</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>29.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Significantly Better
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Worse

Source Data

% in good health

Bristol Average

2022

Bishopston & Ashley Down

Select new ward
Select new topic
Life Expectancy (female)
Public Health 2018-2020

Further information

Data
Data expresses life expectancy in years, separately for males and females.

Calculation
Life expectancy is calculated by taking a three year average.

Comparing wards against the Bristol average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Life expectancy data uses statistical confidence intervals to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly Better
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Worse

Bishopston & Ashley Down

Click for Life Expectancy (male)
Further information

Data
Data expresses life expectancy in years, separately for males and females.

Calculation
Life expectancy is calculated by taking a three year average.

Comparing wards against the Bristol average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Life expectancy data uses statistical confidence intervals to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly Better
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Worse

Bishopston & Ashley Down

2018-2020

81.8
Years

84.2

Bristol Average

2018-2020

78.5
Years

Life Expectancy (male) by trend

Ward Statistic | Bristol Average Statistic

Cotham
Clifton Down
Brislington East
Clifton
Bishopston & Ashley Down
Westbury-on-Trym & Henleaze
Stoke Bishop
Hotwells & Harbourside
Horfield
Bishopsworth
Knowle
Brislington West
Frome Vale
Hengrove & Withy Church Park
Bedminster
Redland
Hilfield
Henbury & Brenty
Stockwood
Windmill Hill
St George Troopers Hill
Ashley
Eastville
Southmead
Lockleaze
Easton
Avonmouth & Lawrence Weston
St George Central
Hartcliffe & Withywood
Filton
Southville
Central
St George West
Lawrence Hill

2018-2020

84.2

82.8

82.6

82.2

81.8

81.7

81.6

80.7

80.6

79.7

79.3

79.1

79.0

79.0

78.5

78.5

78.3

78.2

78.1

78.0

77.2

76.8

76.8

76.5

76.2

76.2

75.8

75.0

74.6

73.6

84.2

82.8

82.6

82.2

81.8

81.7

81.6

80.7

80.6

79.7

79.3

79.1

79.0

79.0

78.5

78.5

78.3

78.2

78.1

78.0

77.2

76.8

76.8

76.5

76.2

76.2

75.8

75.0

74.6

73.6

Click for Life Expectancy (female)
Premature Mortality
Public Health 2018-2020

Bishopston & Ashley Down

All Causes
2018-2020

Premature Mortality Type

Cancer 2018-2020 124.5 147.8
Cardiovascular Disease 2018-2020 32.6 73.1
Respiratory Disease 2018-2020 17.8 36.5

Ward Statistic (rate per 100,000)
Bristol Average (rate per 100,000)

Further information

Data
Directly age standardised rates for deaths in people aged under 75 years, per 100,000 population.

Calculation
These figures are averages of a 3 year period. However, due to the smaller numbers involved figures for respiratory disease have been calculated over the 5 year period.

Comparing wards against the Bristol average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Premature mortality data uses statistical confidence intervals to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly Better
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Worse

Source Data

All Causes
2018-2020

Lawrence Hill Central
600.1 571.6
Hartscliffe & Withywood
655.2 643.2
St George West
537.4 535.3
St George Central
491.2 482.5
Easton
465.6 437.7
Filwood
437.1 413.3
Avonmouth & Lawrence Weston
413.2 409.5
Southmead
384.1 383.3
Bedminster
365.1 359.9
Henbury & Brentwood
356.3 356.3
Eastville
350.1 350.1
Hotwells & Harbourside
349.3 349.3
Bristol West
347.0 347.0
Bristol East
343.6 343.6
Ashley
326.0 326.0
Hotwells & Harbourside
291.5 281.1
Redland
287.5 278.5
St George Troopers Hill
274.8 269.2
Clifton
270.2 270.2
Horfield
266.0 266.0
Westbury-on-Trym & Henleaze
226.3 212.8
Stoke Bishop
216.4 216.4
Clifton Down 145.4

Deaths under 75 years (per 100,000)
Car Availability
Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Further Information
Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

Calculation
Ward data expresses households with the stated number of cars as a percentage of all households in the ward. Bristol data expresses total households with the stated number of cars as a percentage of all households. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Car availability data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low

Ward Comparison (% No cars or vans in household)

Bishopston & Ashley Down

Ward - % households with no car or van
Households 929
18.4
0 100
Bristol Average - % households with no car or van
Households 50,141
26.2
0 100

Ward - % households with 1 car or van
Households 2,666
52.4
0 100
Bristol Average - % households with 1 car or van
Households 87,777
45.8
0 100

Ward - % households with 2 cars or vans
Households 1,184
23.5
0 100
Bristol Average - % households with 2 cars or vans
Households 41,397
21.6
0 100

Ward - % households with 3 or more cars or vans
Households 288
5.7
0 100
Bristol Average - % households with 3 or more cars or vans
Households 12,317
6.4
0 100
House Prices


Further Information

Data

Data represents the price paid (£) for residential dwellings sold at market value, using open data from HM Land Registry.

Data is published quarterly and represents a ‘rolling year’. This data starts with the year-ending March 2011.

Calculation

The data used takes the ‘median’ (middle value) price paid across each ‘rolling year’. A minimum of five records are required to ensure a robust house price that is representative of prices paid in a particular area.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. House Price Data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low

Source Data

Dwelling Type

- Terraced
- Semi-Detached
- Flat/Maisonette
- All

Sales Value (Median £ paid) across All Sale Types by Dwelling Type

Sales Value (Median £ paid) across All Sale Types and All Dwelling Types

June 2022
Household Composition

Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Further Information

Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

Calculation
Ward data expresses the number of households for each composition, together with the percentage of all households within the ward. Bristol is the total across all wards. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Household size data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low

Select new ward
Select new topic
Household Size
Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Further Information

Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

Calculation
Ward data expresses the number of households with the stated number of bedrooms, as a percentage of the total households within that ward. Bristol data expresses the total households with the stated number of bedrooms as a percentage of the total households in Bristol. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point. Occupancy rating provides a measure of whether a household’s accommodation is overcrowded or under-occupied based on number of bedrooms and number/relationship of occupants.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Household size data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

- Significantly High
- Not Significantly Different
- Significantly Low

Ward (% households underoccupied)

Bristol Average - % households underoccupied

Ward - % households overcrowded

Bristol Average - % households overcrowded

Ward - 1 bedroom %

Bristol Average - 1 bedroom %

Ward - 2 bedrooms %

Bristol Average - 2 bedrooms %

Ward - 3 or more bedrooms %

Bristol Average - 3 or more bedrooms %

Ward - % households underoccupied

Bristol Average - % households underoccupied

Households

608

3,180

3,451

1,260

54,423

106,233

60,982

116,053

608 households

1,260 households

3,180 households

3,451 households

16.2%

28.4%

55.4%

2.4%

5.1%

60.6%
**Housing Tenure**

**Census 2021**

Source: Office for National Statistics

---

**Further Information**

**Data**

Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

**Calculation**

Ward data expresses each housing tenure as a percentage of the total households within that ward. Bristol data expresses the total of each housing tenure as a percentage of the total households in Bristol. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Housing Tenure data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

- **Significantly High**
- **Not Significantly Different**
- **Significantly Low**

---

**Bishopston & Ashley Down**

**Ward - Owned %**

Households: 3,295

- **65.2%**

**Ward Average - Owned %**

Households: 105,072

- **54.8%**

---

**Ward - Social Rented %**

Households: 193

- **3.8%**

**Ward Average - Social Rented %**

Households: 35,881

- **18.7%**

---

**Ward - Private & Other Rented %**

Households: 1,562

- **30.9%**

**Ward Average - Private & Other Rented %**

Households: 50,681

- **26.4%**

---

**Ward Comparison (tenures by number)**

- **Owned**
- **Social Rented**
- **Private and other rented**

---

Other wards are color-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Housing Tenure data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

- **Significantly High**
- **Not Significantly Different**
- **Significantly Low**
Further Information

**Data**
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

**Calculation**
Ward data expresses each housing type as a percentage of the total households within that ward. Bristol data expresses the total of each housing type as a percentage of the total households in Bristol. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Housing Type data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

- **Significantly High**
- **Not Significantly Different**
- **Significantly Low**

**Bishopston & Ashley Down**

### Ward - Detached %
- **Ward**: Bishopston & Ashley Down
- **Households**: 78
- **Bristol Average**: 6.0
- **Difference**: 4.5%

### Ward - Semi-detached %
- **Ward**: Bishopston & Ashley Down
- **Households**: 569
- **Bristol Average**: 26.6
- **Difference**: 11.3%

### Ward - Terraced %
- **Ward**: Bishopston & Ashley Down
- **Households**: 2,922
- **Bristol Average**: 32.1
- **Difference**: 25.9%

### Ward - Flats %
- **Ward**: Bishopston & Ashley Down
- **Households**: 1,478
- **Bristol Average**: 35.2
- **Difference**: 25.9%
Jobs and Economy

The Claimant count does not cover all unemployed, as defined by the International Labour Organisation. It measures the number of people claiming unemployment related benefits.

Claimant Count

Bishopston & Ashley Down

Bristol Average

Further Information

Data & Calculation

Data is collected from the Office for National Statistics, 'Claimant count by sex and age'. Data expresses the ward number as a 'rate per 1,000' of the ward population. The Bristol average is a 'rate per 1,000' of the citywide population. Population are those aged 16 to 64 years.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. To measure whether the gap is significant, claimant count data uses standard deviation.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low

The Claimant count does not cover all unemployed, as defined by the International Labour Organisation. It measures the number of people claiming unemployment related benefits.
Further Information

Data & Calculation

Data is collected from the Office for National Statistics, Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES), an employer survey conducted in September of each year.

Jobs data in this page represents employees (full and part-time), those working for a business. The data does not include the self-employed, government supported trainees and HM Forces.

The BRES records a job at the location of an employee’s place of work. Outputs are subject to rounding.

Number of jobs located in ward by trend

Bishopston & Ashley Down

Number of jobs located in ward by industry (top 5)
Pension credit provides financial assistance to people of state pension age on a low income. Therefore, it does not cover all people who receive a pension.

### Bishopston & Ashley Down

**Pension Credit by trend**

- **Ward Statistic**
- **Bristol Average Statistic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</th>
<th>Bristol Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>8,004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>83.7 (Rate per 1,000)</td>
<td>132.8 (Rate per 1,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Further Information**

**Data & Calculation**

Data (quarterly) is collected from the Department for Works and Pensions. Data expresses the ward number as a 'rate per 1,000' of the ward population. The Bristol average is a 'rate per 1,000' of the citywide population. Population are those aged 65 years and over.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**

Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. To measure whether the gap is significant pension credit data uses standard deviation.

- **Significantly High**
- **Not Significantly Different**
- **Significantly Low**

---

**Select Sex**

- All Persons
- Female
- Male

**Select new ward**

**Select new topic**
Qualifications
Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Further Information
Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

Calculation
Ward expresses the number of people with the stated qualifications and as a percentage of the total population for the ward. Bristol is the total across all wards.

Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Qualifications data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low

Bishopston & Ashley Down
% People with a degree or higher
61.3
Number: 6,748

Bristol Average
% People with a degree or higher
42.1

% ward population by highest level of qualification

Ward Comparison
% People with a degree or higher

Bishopston & Ashley Down
61.3

Bristol Average
42.1

Level 4 qualifications or above
19.9

Level 3 qualifications
7.1

Level 2 qualifications
3.4

Level 1 and entry level qualifications
1.7

Apprenticeship
1.0

Other qualifications
5.7

No qualifications
0

Select new ward
Select new topic
Country of Birth
Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Further Information
Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

Calculation
Data is expressed as a percentage of ward population. Bristol data is expressed as a percentage of the total Bristol population.
Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Region of Birth data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low

Bishopston & Ashley Down
% Born outside UK
13.9
Number
1,853

Bristol Average
% Born Outside UK
18.8

% Ward population born outside UK by world region

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EU countries (%)</td>
<td>6.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Europe (%)</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Africa (%)</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle East and Asia (%)</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Americas and the Caribbean (%)</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antarctica and Oceania and Other (%)</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ward Comparison
% Born Outside UK by Ward name

- Bishopston & Ashley Down: 13.9%
- Bristol Average: 18.8%

Select new topic
Select new ward
Further Information

Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

Calculation
Ward data expresses main language (English/not English) data as a percentage of all people aged 3 years and over, within that ward. Bristol data expresses the total main language (English/not English) data as a percentage of the total population aged 3 years and over.

Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Comparing wards against the Bristol Average
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Main language data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

Significantly High
Not Significantly Different
Significantly Low
### Deprivation by Lower Super Output Area (LSOA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LSOA</th>
<th>% England Rank</th>
<th>England Deprivation Decile</th>
<th>England Rank out of 32,844 (where 1 is most deprived)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ashley Down</td>
<td>82.0%</td>
<td>England decile 9</td>
<td>26,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cricket Ground</td>
<td>56.7%</td>
<td>England decile 6</td>
<td>18,629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memorial Stadium</td>
<td>79.9%</td>
<td>England decile 8</td>
<td>26,251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radnor Road</td>
<td>71.9%</td>
<td>England decile 8</td>
<td>23,611</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seymour Road</td>
<td>78.4%</td>
<td>England decile 8</td>
<td>25,753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somerville Road</td>
<td>66.8%</td>
<td>England decile 7</td>
<td>21,945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wellington Hill</td>
<td>71.5%</td>
<td>England decile 8</td>
<td>23,494</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please note: the data in the table and map represent the Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) for each ward. They do not align to the electoral polling districts. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

Source: MHCDS 2019 Indices of Deprivation
### Further Information

**Data**
- Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

**Calculation**
- Ward data expresses ethnicity as a percentage of the total ward population. Bristol data expresses total ethnicity as a percentage of the total population. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**
- Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Ethnicity data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

### Ward Comparison

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ward Comparison</th>
<th>Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Total (%) by Ward name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</td>
<td>Bristol Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White Total</td>
<td>87.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White British</td>
<td>78.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White Irish</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White Gypsy or Irish Traveller</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White Roma</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Other White</td>
<td>7.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White and Asian</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White and Black African</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% White and Black Caribbean</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Other Mixed or Multiple Ethnic Groups</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Group Total</td>
<td>12.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Other Asian</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Black African</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Black Caribbean</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Other Black</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Bangladeshi</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Chinese</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Indian</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Pakistani</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Other ethnic group: Arab</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Any other ethnic group</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Select new ward
- Select new topic

---

**Bishopston & Ashley Down**

- % White Total: 87.8
- % Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Group Total: 12.2

---

**Source Data**

- Office for National Statistics

---

**Data**

- Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

---

**Calculation**

- Ward data expresses ethnicity as a percentage of the total ward population. Bristol data expresses total ethnicity as a percentage of the total population. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

---

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**

- Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Ethnicity data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

---

**Significantly High**

**Not Significantly Different**

**Significantly Low**

---

**Select new ward**

- Select new topic
Population Age Profile
Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Number by select population age bands

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Groups</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-15</td>
<td>2,288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16-64</td>
<td>9,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>1,245</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select new ward
Select new topic

Select Sex
- All Persons
- Female
- Male

Select population breakdown
- Very Broad
- Broad
- Quinary (5 year age band)

Further information
Data
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics. Population estimates include people who are 'usually resident' in Bristol. This includes students, school boarders at their term time address and long-term migrants (i.e. coming to UK for more than a year).
Population Estimate
Census 2021
Source: Office for National Statistics

Bishopston & Ashley Down

### Broad age comparison chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Bristol</th>
<th>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-24</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>10.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-29</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-34</td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-39</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-44</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45-49</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>5.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>5.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-64</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-69</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-74</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75-79</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80-84</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85+</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Total Population
- Bristol: 472,470
- Bishopston & Ashley Down: 13,304

### Further information

**Data**
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics. Population estimates include people who are 'usually resident' in Bristol. This includes students, school boarders at their term time address and long-term migrants (i.e. coming to UK for more than a year).

**Calculation**
The population pyramids express the total number of people in each 5-year age band as a percentage of the wards total population. The Bristol population looks at the total citywide population. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.
**Religion**

**Census 2021**
Source: Office for National Statistics

**Data**
Census 2021 data produced by the Office for National Statistics.

**Calculation**
Ward data expresses religion as a percentage of the total ward population. Bristol data expresses total religion as a percentage of the total population. Percentages are rounded to 1 decimal point.

**Comparing wards against the Bristol Average**
Wards are colour-coded to show any significant difference from the Bristol Average. Religion data uses standard deviation to identify whether the gap is significant.

**Notably High**
Not Significantly Different
**Significantly Low**

### Further Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ward</th>
<th>% Christian</th>
<th>% Muslim</th>
<th>% Hindu</th>
<th>% No Religion</th>
<th>% Sikh</th>
<th>% Other religion</th>
<th>% Buddhist</th>
<th>% Jewish</th>
<th>% Religion not stated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</td>
<td>23.6</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>62.9</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bristol Average</td>
<td>32.2</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>51.4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>6.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Ward Comparison (No religion)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ward</th>
<th>% Religion not stated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bristol</td>
<td>6.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sources</th>
<th>Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bristol</td>
<td>Bristol Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bishopston and Ashley Down</td>
<td>Bishopston &amp; Ashley Down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bristol</td>
<td>Bristol Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source: Office for National Statistics</td>
<td>Bristol Average</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Quality of Life (Priority Indicators)

#### Bishopston & Ashley Down

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Theme</th>
<th>Ward Statistic</th>
<th>Bristol Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with their local area</td>
<td>Community &amp; Living</td>
<td>83.3</td>
<td>75.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who agree people from different backgrounds get on well together in their neighbourhood</td>
<td>Community &amp; Living</td>
<td>83.9</td>
<td>73.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who feel they belong to their neighbourhood</td>
<td>Community &amp; Living</td>
<td>81.6</td>
<td>65.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who have access to the internet at home</td>
<td>Community &amp; Living</td>
<td>99.4</td>
<td>96.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who lack the information to get involved in their community</td>
<td>Community &amp; Living</td>
<td>22.2</td>
<td>26.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who volunteer or help out in their community at least 3 times a year</td>
<td>Community &amp; Living</td>
<td>60.1</td>
<td>47.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% victim of racial discrimination or harassment in last year</td>
<td>Crime &amp; Safety</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who feel police and public services successfully tackle crime and anti-social behaviour locally</td>
<td>Crime &amp; Safety</td>
<td>27.4</td>
<td>22.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who think domestic abuse is a private matter</td>
<td>Crime &amp; Safety</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% whose fear of crime affects their day-to-day lives</td>
<td>Crime &amp; Safety</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>17.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with leisure facilities/services</td>
<td>Culture &amp; Leisure</td>
<td>67.1</td>
<td>39.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the range and quality of outdoor events</td>
<td>Culture &amp; Leisure</td>
<td>62.8</td>
<td>53.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who participate in cultural activities at least once a month</td>
<td>Culture &amp; Leisure</td>
<td>43.5</td>
<td>31.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who play sport at least once a week</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>62.4</td>
<td>53.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who see friends and family as much as they want to</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>79.2</td>
<td>77.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% concerned about climate change</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>92.6</td>
<td>86.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the general household waste service</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>86.2</td>
<td>73.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the quality of parks and green spaces</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>91.5</td>
<td>73.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the recycling service</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>83.9</td>
<td>72.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who think air quality and traffic pollution is a problem locally</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>85.3</td>
<td>70.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who think street litter is a problem locally</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>74.0</td>
<td>82.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who visit Bristol’s parks and green spaces at least once a week</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>69.4</td>
<td>56.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the local bus service</td>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>43.1</td>
<td>37.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who ride a bicycle at least once a week</td>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>30.2</td>
<td>25.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who think traffic congestion is a problem locally</td>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>92.4</td>
<td>74.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Quality of Life Survey 2022-23

#### Bishopston & Ashley Down

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Theme</th>
<th>Ward Statistic</th>
<th>Bristol Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the way BCC asks for their views before it makes changes that affect them</td>
<td>Council &amp; Democracy</td>
<td>42.0</td>
<td>29.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the way Bristol City Council runs things</td>
<td>Council &amp; Democracy</td>
<td>55.4</td>
<td>38.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who feel Bristol City Council provides value for money</td>
<td>Council &amp; Democracy</td>
<td>35.7</td>
<td>25.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who feel unsafe from sexual harassment using public transport in Bristol</td>
<td>Crime &amp; Safety</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>8.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with activities for children/young people</td>
<td>Culture &amp; Leisure</td>
<td>51.6</td>
<td>37.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the range and quality of entertainment and hospitality venues and events at night</td>
<td>Culture &amp; Leisure</td>
<td>86.6</td>
<td>63.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who find it difficult to manage financially</td>
<td>Economy</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>10.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who shop in their local shopping street at least once a week</td>
<td>Economy</td>
<td>69.5</td>
<td>49.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who have taken part in learning or training in the last year</td>
<td>Education &amp; Skills</td>
<td>50.9</td>
<td>51.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who know where to get information, advice and guidance about employment and training</td>
<td>Education &amp; Skills</td>
<td>64.4</td>
<td>65.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% at a higher risk of alcohol related health problems</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>24.5</td>
<td>15.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% below average mental wellbeing</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>21.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% households that used a 'food bank' during the last 12 months</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% households which have experienced moderate to severe food insecurity</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>8.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% households who bought less ‘Healthier’ food in the past year</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>10.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% households with a smoker</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>13.7</td>
<td>15.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with life</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>80.7</td>
<td>62.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who do enough regular exercise each week</td>
<td>Health &amp; Wellbeing</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>63.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% extremely or moderately worried about keeping their home warm this winter</td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>47.0</td>
<td>48.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied overall with their current accommodation</td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>92.5</td>
<td>84.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% satisfied with the cost of their rent or mortgage payments</td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>44.5</td>
<td>49.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% concerned about the loss of wildlife in Bristol</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>88.6</td>
<td>85.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who have created space for nature</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>64.4</td>
<td>52.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who have reduced their household waste due to climate change concerns</td>
<td>Sustainability &amp; Environment</td>
<td>65.2</td>
<td>55.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% who walk or cycle to work</td>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>49.8</td>
<td>32.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Background Information to Ward Profiles

The Ward Profiles show data for the 34 Bristol City Council wards. This update contains the latest data as of April 2023. This includes data updates for; adult social care, Census 2021, children services, claimant count, education (attainment), house prices, jobs, pension credit and quality of life. The interactive tools compare data for each of the wards against the Bristol (citywide) average and highlights any significant differences for that ward.

All datasets within the Ward Profiles tool can be downloaded from Open Data Bristol. This is the Open Data platform for Bristol which includes datasets with the ability to build custom maps and charts within the platform or to export the datasets.

The Ward Profiles Tool is produced by the Insight, Performance & Intelligence Service of Bristol City Council. All data has been collated, analysed and produce by this service unless otherwise. Further products are available on our Statistics and census information web page or by email; research@bristol.gov.uk.

The Ward Profiles Tool is part of the overall Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) process. They provide a local ward-based focus on the data produced for the JSNA Health and Wellbeing data profile, which is updated throughout the year. Further information, including the JSNA data profile and chapters, is available on our Joint Strategic Needs (JSNA) web page.

Data release period The Ward Profiles are updated regularly during the year with new data. As new data for each of the datasets is available (i.e. publication dates) at different times of the year, the data within the Ward Profiles Tool may not always align with that found in other reports. At the top of each topic page (i.e. beneath the page title) we confirm the time period that is relates.

Data sources for all topics covered by the Ward Profiles can be found on our Sources page. These can be found through our topic selection filter at the top of each page. Alternatively, you can click the 'source data' button usually found within the 'Further Information' section.
Bristol City Council provides a number of web-based tools which are designed to provide users with access to maps and spatial information quickly and easily. **CLICK ON ANY OF THE IMAGES** to follow the links.

**PinPoint** is designed to help locate local information on the most convenient services from a specific location. This includes details such as opening times and contact numbers. Local information is organised under themes (e.g. community and safety, education, housing and property). In addition, there is information on council assets and the historic environment.

**My Neighbourhood** includes links to relevant statistical data and information such as planning applications, waste collections and political representation in your area. All of which is summarised in a single view. You can also do a "find my nearest" search for a range of facilities to any given address.

**Know Your Place** provides access to a variety of historic maps covering the City of Bristol. The majority of the maps are scanned from original archives held at the Bristol Record Office. The scanned images have been overlain on Modern Ordnance Survey Mastermap digital mapping and contextual layers. Also included are historical environment records, pictures, postcards and photo collections.

**Bristol ArcGIS Online Maps** is a collection of online maps, map apps and story maps.

**Open Data Bristol** is a site for sharing data in Bristol. It also includes a number of dashboards such as Quality of Life, Air Quality and Council Elections. The data can be viewed, used and re-used subject to the licence terms. There is also the ability to build maps and charts (i.e. located under the 'Tools' tab) within the platform. You can also export the data should you wish to use your own analysis tools.
To compare any significant gap between a ward and the Bristol average we have used one of three methods:

**Standard Deviation** is a way of expressing how much each ward deviates from the mean value for all 34 wards in Bristol. This has been used as part of a calculation comparing each ward to the Bristol average. The difference is judged significant if it is greater/lower than the Bristol average +/- the standard deviation across all wards.

**Confidence Intervals** provide an upper (confidence interval) and lower (confidence interval) number that provides a range within which we can be confident a ward figure lies within. The level of confidence is based on a 95% certainty. The difference is judged significant if either the ward lower confidence interval is above the upper confidence interval of the Bristol average or the ward higher confidence interval is below the Bristol average lower confidence interval.

**Statistical 't' test** is a statistical test that measures the difference in group means divided by the pooled standard error of the two group means. This calculates a number (the t-value) illustrating the significance of the difference between the two group means being compared, and estimates the likelihood that this difference exists purely by chance (p-value).

**Overlapping significance ratings within ward comparison charts**
Overlapping significance ratings happen where either confidence intervals or the statistical 't'-test have been used to calculate significance. Ward comparison charts are ordered with the biggest number starting at the top. Sometimes the range of wards "not significantly different" from the average may overlap with the range of wards "significantly better" and/or "significantly worse" than the average. This may appear counterintuitive at first glance but can happen due to these calculation methods. The power of statistical 't'-test to detect a significant difference is greater in wards with larger numbers of respondents or smaller standard errors. The confidence interval has a +/- probability, defined by a lower limit and upper limit, based on a 95% confidence level which is a measure of the degree of uncertainty/certainty in a sampling method.
Selecting your data

Please note that some of the functionality of these filters may be affected when used through a mobile device.

| Select Ward   |  
|--------------|---|
| Brislington West |  

**Selecting a ward** The front page and each topic page provide the ability to select the ward being viewed, simply by clicking the down arrow to the right. Once selected the data displayed will remain for that ward even when you change topic page, until you change it to a different ward.

| Select Period |  
|---------------|---|
| 2020          |  

**Period** Use the down arrow to the right, to change the period.

| Select Premature Mortality Data |  
|---------------------------------|---|
| All Causes                      |  

**Data and sex selection** Most topics cover a number of indicators that can be accessed from a drop-down list '(topic name) data', such as the example shown. The quality of life (all indicators) page is unique in that your choice of indicator is based on your selection of a theme (e.g. council & democracy).

A few of the topics such as population and claimant count, enable you to breakdown the overall ward figure (i.e 'All Persons') between the male and female population. The 'population overview' that provides a detailed breakdown of the latest 'mid-year estimates' provides sex either within the chart or through the use of a filter (i.e. ward comparison chart).